

Fire Door Annual Inspection

Understanding the Fire-Rated Opening









Foundation's Mission:

Promote secure and safe openings that enhance life safety

The Foundation & DHI

Door Security&Safety FOUNDATION

> First to create awareness for fire door inspections.



 Set the standard for education that qualifies individuals as the knowledgeable resource to perform fire door inspections.

- Not Familiar with Code Requirements
- Belief that frequency of use ensures proper operation



Annual Inspection of Fire Door Assemblies...

- Who Is Going To Do These Inspections and When?
 - Paragraph 5-2.3, Functional Testing
 - Individuals who are KNOWLEDGEABLE about the openings being inspected
 - Paragraph 5-2.1, '...not less than annually, and a written record of the inspection shall be kept for inspection by the AHJ.'

Partial List of IFC 2009 Adoption

- Alabama (IBC, IFC)
- California (IBC, IFC)
- Colorado (Denver)
- Illinois (IBC, IFC)
- Iowa (IBC, IFC)
- Massachusetts (IBC)
- Maine (IBC,IFC local)
- Maryland (IBC)
- Michigan (IBC,IFC local)

IFC 2009 Adoption

- Montana (IBC, IFC local)
- New Hampshire (IBC,IFC local)
- New Jersey (IBC)
- New Mexico (IBC)
- New York (New York Building Codes)
- North Dakota (IBC,IFC local)
- Oregon (IBC, IFC)
- Oklahoma (not statewide)
- Pennsylvania (IBC, IFC)
- Rhode Island (IBC, IFC- local)
- South Dakota (not statewide)

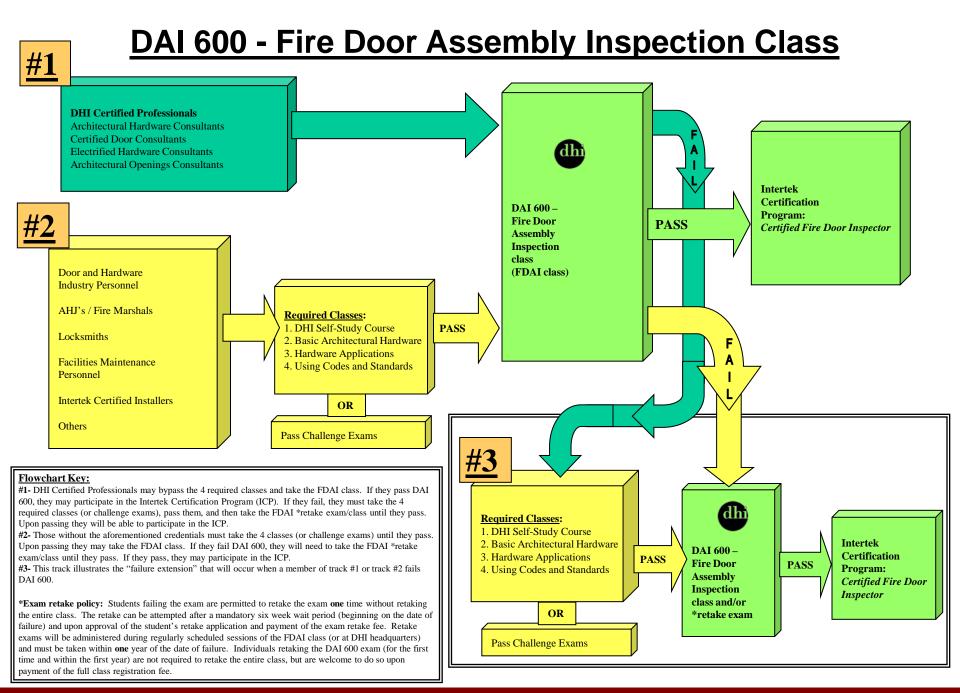
IFC 2009 Adoption

- Utah (IBC, IFC)
- Virginia (IBC, IFC)
- West Virginia (IBC, IFC local)
- Washington (IBC, IFC)

Guam (IBC '09, no IFC listing)

Ohio - IFC 2006

Ohio - ICC Explained.doc



Door Security & Safety Foundation

MGM Grand – Nov. 11th, 1980 Las Vegas – 85 killed, 700 injured





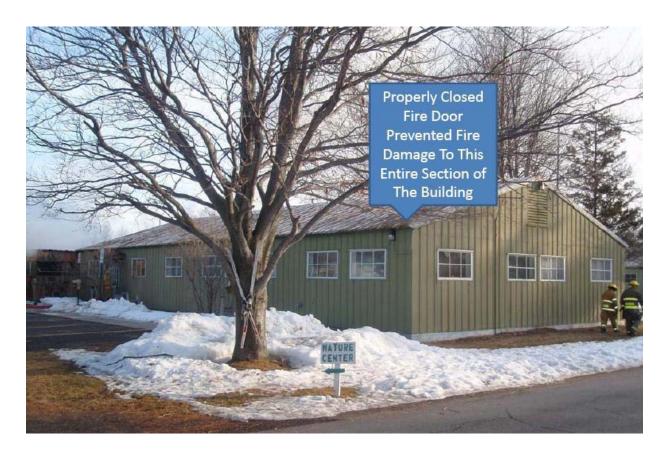
Fire Doors Performing as Designed

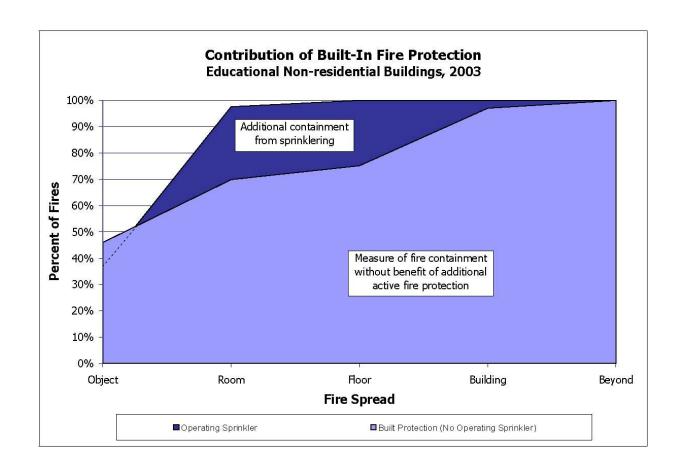


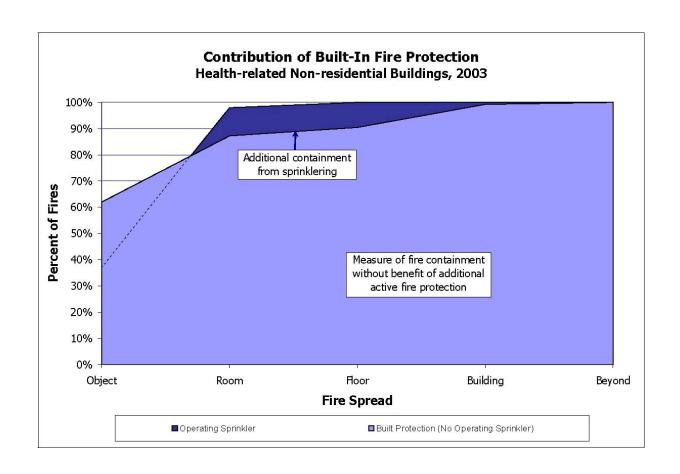
Fire Doors Performing as Designed



Properly Closed Fire Door







Codes vs. Standards

- Codes are Intended to be Adopted as Legal Documents
 - Enforceable as Laws
- Standards are Intended to be Used to Meet the Requirements of Codes
 - Unenforceable until REFERENCED by a CODE.

NFPA 80 – 2007 Edition

 Establishes Basic Requirements for New Fire-Rated Door Assemblies

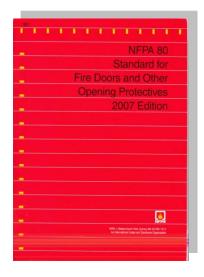
 Establishes Care and Maintenance Requirements



NFPA 80 2007— Standard for Fire Doors

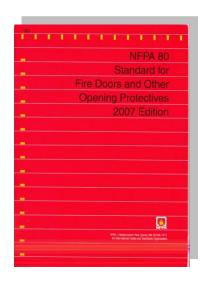
5.2.4.2 As a <u>minimum</u>, the following items shall be verified:

- (1) No open holes or breaks exist in surfaces.
- (2) Glazing, vision light frames, and glazing beads are intact.
- (3) The door, frame, hinges, hardware, and noncombustible threshold are secured, aligned, and in working order.
- (4) No parts are missing or broken.
- (5) Door clearances do not exceed the clearances listed.



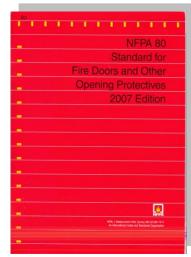
NFPA 80 2007— Standard for Fire Doors

- 5.2.4.2 As a <u>minimum</u>, the following items shall be verified:
 - (6) The self-closing device is operational
 - (7) If a coordinator is installed, the inactive leaf closes before active leaf. (pairs only)
 - (8) Latching hardware operates and secures the door when it is in the closed position.



NFPA 80 2007— Standard for Fire Doors

- 5.2.4.2 As a <u>minimum</u>, the following items shall be verified:
 - (9) Auxiliary hardware items that interfere or prohibit operation are not installed.
 - (10) No field modifications to the door have been performed.
 - (11) Gasketing and edge seals are inspected.

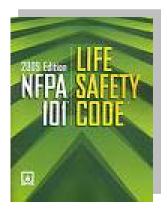


Fire Door Inspection— Background

 Fire Doors are governed by the building code and NFPA throughout design, specification, installation and occupancy permitting.







IFC 2009—703.1.3

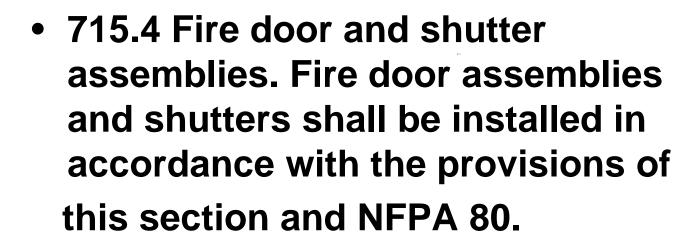
• Fire walls, fire barriers and fire partitions. Required fire walls, fire barriers and fire partitions shall be:



- Maintained to prevent the passage of fire.
- All openings protected with approved doors and fire dampers shall be maintained in accordance with NFPA 80.

Fire Door Inspection—IBC

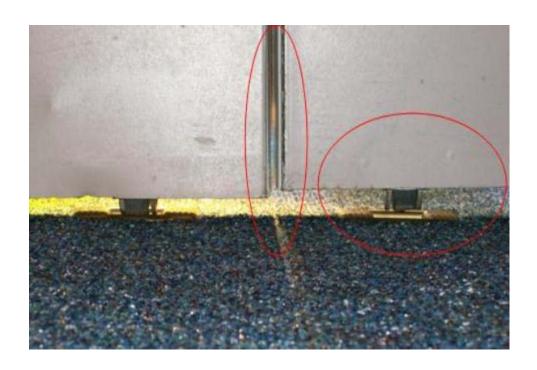
 The International Building Code is used until the certificate of occupancy is issued.

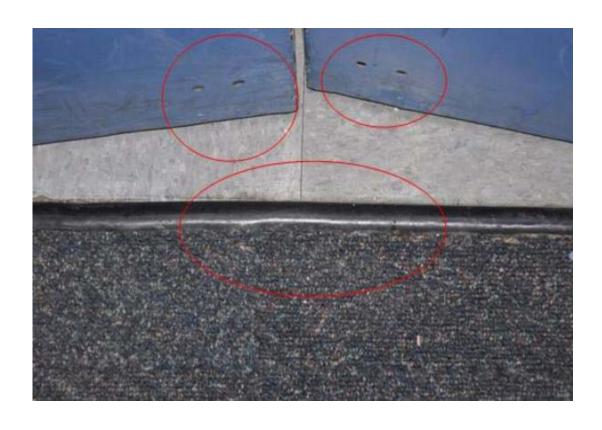




Fire Door Inspection—NFPA 101

 7.2.1.15.2 – Fire-rated door assemblies shall be inspected and tested in accordance with NFPA 80, Standard for Fire Doors and Other Opening Protectives.









Existing Fire Doors Today



Heat Release Mechanism

Existing Fire Doors Today



Confused?



NFPA 80—Chapter 4 General Requirements

Fire Door Assemblies

 Prepared for Hardware Under Door/Frame Manufacturer's Inspection Service Procedure and Under Label Service [4.1.3.1]

Listed and Labeled Products

 Listed items shall be identified by a label, which is readily visible to AHJ. [4.2]

NFPA 80—Chapter 4

- What Modifications Can Be Done in the Field?
 - Function Holes for Mortise Locks/Latches
 - Holes for Labeled Door Viewers
 - Round Holes for Surface Applied Hardware (up to 1" in Diameter)
 - Throughbolts
 - Wood/Composite Doors Trimmed to Maximum 3/4" Undercutting
 - [4.1.3.2, 4.1.3.3 and 4.1.3.4]

NFPA 80—Chapter 4

Field Modifications that CAN NOT be done in the field:

Doors

- No Vision Panel Cut Outs
- No Louver Cut Outs
- No Mortise Lock Pockets
- No Face or Edge Bores for Bored Locks
- No Mortise Hinge Preparations

Frames

- No Mortise Hinge Preparations
- No Cut Outs

NFPA 80—Chapter 4

- Clearances Under Doors
 - Swinging Doors with Builders Hardware
 - Maximum Clearance of 3/4" Under Door Bottom
 - [4.8.4.1]

NFPA 80—Chapter 6

- Builders Hardware Consists of:
 - Hinges & Pivots
 - Door Bolts
 - Locks or Latches
 - Fire Exit Hardware (a.k.a. Exit Devices)
 - Door Closers
 - Protection Plates
 - Astragals
 - Gasketing

Fire Resistance Classifications

Hourly Ratings

```
1/3 = 20-Minutes

3/4 = 45-Minutes

1 = 60-Minutes (Wood Doors)

1-1/2 = 90-Minutes

3 = 180-Minutes
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Note: This information is listed under Annex D. "Fire Doors and Fire Window Classifications." The hourly designation indicates duration of the fire test exposure. It is known as the fire protection rating.

Fire Labels for Frames















Fire Labels for Doors













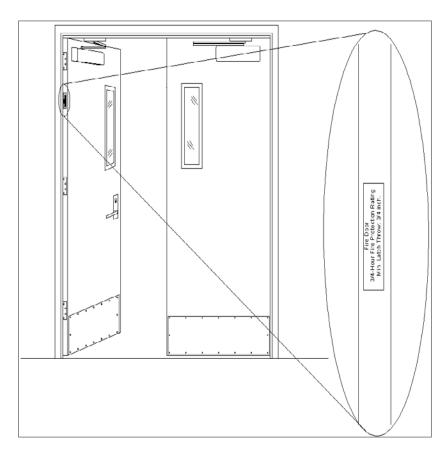


Criteria Listed on Label

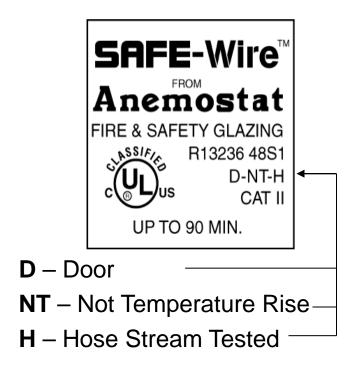


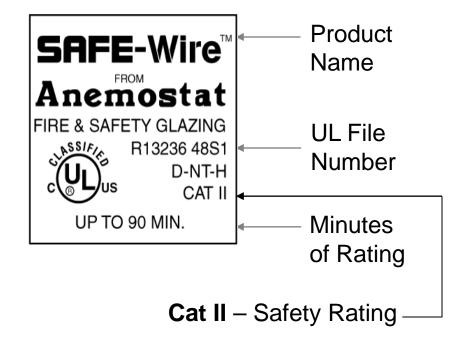
Label Placement

Label should be attached to the hinge edge of the door.



Glass Label (Permanent etching, per NFPA 80)







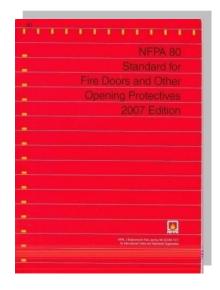
Annual Inspection Requirements—NFPA 80

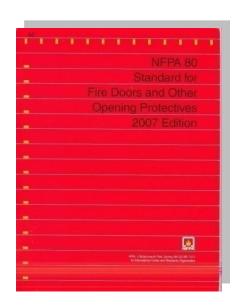
Swinging Doors with Builders Hardware



Chapter 5 Care & Maintenance

 5.1.1.2 The requirements of this chapter shall apply to <u>new and</u> <u>existing</u> installations.



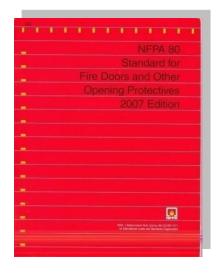


Chapter 5 Care & Maintenance

5.2.1* Fire door assemblies shall be inspected and tested not less than annually, and a written record of the inspection shall be signed and kept for Inspection by the AHJ.

Chapter 5 Care & Maintenance

5.2.3.1 Functional testing of fire door and window assemblies shall be **performed by individuals with knowledge and understanding** of the operating components of the type of door being subject to testing.



Annual Inspection of Fire Door Assemblies

What Do Inspectors Need to Know?

- Immense product application and installation knowledge
 - Hollow metal doors and frames
 - Wood fire doors
 - Builders Hardware Application
- Thorough understanding of NFPA 80 requirements
- Benchmark Fire Door Assembly Inspector (FDAI) program.
- Years of industry experience to qualify for prereq for AHC and/or CDC.

Annual Inspection of Fire Door Assemblies

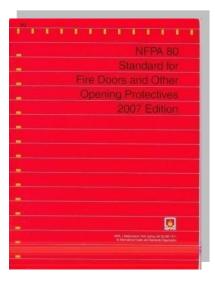
- Inspector's Responsibilities:
 - Status of door openings on date of inspection
 - Recommend necessary corrections
 - Providing written inspection reports

Annual Inspection of Fire Door Assemblies

- Inspectors Are Not Responsible For:
 - Making sure openings are repaired
 - Determining the correct fire-rating of door openings
 - Alerting AHJ of problems

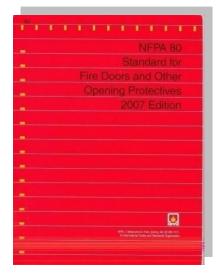
Chapter 5 Care & Maintenance

- 5.2.2 Performance-Based Option
- 5.2.2.1 As an alternate means of compliance with 5.2.1, subject to the AHJ, fire door assemblies shall be permitted to be inspected, tested, and maintained under a written, performance-based program.



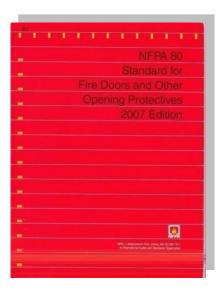
NFPA 80 2007— Standard for Fire Doors Chapter 5 Care & Maintenance

- 5.2.2 Performance-Based Option.
- 5.2.2.2 Goals established under a performance-based program shall provide assurance that the fire door assembly will perform its intended function when exposed to fire conditions.
- 5.2.2.3 Technical justification for inspection, testing, and maintenance intervals shall be documented.



NFPA 80 2007— Standard for Fire Doors Chapter 5 Care & Maintenance

- 5.2.2 Performance-Based Option.
- 5.2.2.4 The performance-based option shall include historical data acceptable to the AHJ.



MGM Grand Hotel Fire Door Inspection

Example. Without Performance-Based Option

- January 1st Two inspectors start inspecting doors.
 - Each inspector works 40 hours a week for a full year.
- December 31st All doors have been inspected.
- January 1st Start all over again.



Preparing for the Inspection









Identifying Fire Door Assemblies

- Maintenance personnel—access to the 'as built' floor plans.
- AHJ's office archived copies of floor plans
- No plans available—should physically check each door opening looking for labels.

Locating Fire Doors in Buildings

- Interior doors opening into and out of stairwells and corridors.
- Door openings placed at building separations.
- Identify fire labels on frame and hinge side of door.

Performing the Inspections

- Presumption of Correct Application
- Original Building, Fire and Life Safety Code Requirements
- Practical Application of Inspection Criteria

Original Building, Fire, and Life Safety Requirements

- Inspectors should be cognizant of the building, fire and life safety codes that were applicable at the time of installation.
- Should not apply the capabilities, limitations and requirements for modern products to assemblies installed years ago.
- NFPA 80 standard is applicable to all existing fire door assemblies, regardless of when they were installed.

Cataloging Fire Doors

- Door Number (Code or Symbol)
- Location of Assembly in Building
- Type of Door Assembly
- Fire-Protection Rating
- Comments/Remarks

Inspection Summary Report Form

	Date of Inspection	, 2008
REPORT 2008	FDAI Inspector Information	
	A Program of the Door and Hardware Institute Name:	
BUILDING NAME	ID Number	_Exp. Date:
APPRESS	Inspecting Company Inform	
ADDRESS	Name:	<u> </u>
	Address	
SUMMARY		
		- dhi
The undersigned acknowledge and agree that inspector only is inspecting the Building's fire doc	or assembling existing as the data of the imposition and identified as this horsestion.	
Form for compliance with the requirements of NEPA 80 2007 Edition; Section 5.2 as of the time Building or performing an architectural evaluation of the Building. The undersigned hereby agree	e of the inspection, and that inspector is not inspecting any other openings in the e that, to the fullest extent permitted by law, the total liability of inspector, inspecting	
Company and any other person or entity for any and all injuries, claims, losses, expenses or di- cause or causes including but not limited to negligence, errors, omissions, strict liability, breach of fee. The Door and Hardware Institute (*DHI*) assumes no liability for the conduct of the Institute	of contract or breach of warranty shall not exceed the total amount of the inspection	OFFICIAL USE
release DHI from all liability related thereto or arising therefrom.	ctor, inspecting company or others or the inspection, and the undersigned hereby	ONLY
		(Invert Seal or Stamp)
CICNATURES		
SIGNATURES		

FDAI Inspection Report

FIRE-RATED SWINGING DO	OR
INSPECTION SURVEY 2008	

COMMENTS



Pg. _____ of ____

BUILDING NAME

Door Number Compliant Non-Compliance Code(s)* (Please use codes found on back of this sheet as a general guide). CIYES CINO CIYES CINO CIYES CINO TYES TINO DYES DNO QYES QNO TYES TINO TYES TINO TYES TINO CIYES CINO GYES GNO DYES DNO GYES GNO QYES QNO CIYES CINO CIYES CINO * Exceptions/Comments/Remarks are to be noted below.

Door Security & Safety Foundation

FDAI Code Violations Defined

Please use the following codes to identify problems on the door apprings listed on other side of page

FR/	ME	DOOR (cont.)	DOOR BOLTS	FIRE EXIT HARDWARE	DOOR CLOSERS	MISCELLANEOUS
F1 F2 F3 F4 F5 F6 F7 F8 F9 F10	Loose Frame Damaged Frame Rust-through on Frame Missing Label Frame is Out of Alignment Incorrect Glass in Sidelight or Transom-light Broken Glass in Sidelight or Transom-light Missing Glazing Bead at Light(s) Missing Glazing Bead Screw(s)	D13 Unused Fastener Hole(s) in Door(s) D14 Improper Plant-ons D15 Replace Door D16 Other OPERATIONAL TEST T1 Door Does NOT Swing Freely T2 Door Does NOT Close Completely T3 Door Does NOT Securely Latch T4 Electric Door Release Does NOT Allow Door to Close T5 Door Bottom Drags Against Floor Material	B1 Missing Top Flush Bolt B2 Missing Bottom Flush Bolt B3 Missing Strike (Top Bolt) B4 Missing Strike (Bottom Bolt) B5 Bottom Bolt does NOT Engage Strike B6 Missing Bolt Head (Top) B7 Missing Bolt Head (Bottom) B8 Missing Rub Plate(s) B9 Incorrect Type of Flush Bolt(s) B10 Other	E1 Missing Fire Exit Device E2 Missing Latch Bolt Assembly (Top) E3 Missing Latch Bolt Assembly (Bottom) E4 Missing Strike(s) E5 Missing Vertical Rod (Top) E6 Missing Vertical Rod (Bottom) E7 Push Bar Does NOT Extend Haffway Across Door Width E8 Norr-fire Rated Panic Hardware (Dogging) E9 Missing Lever or Knob E10 Missing Screw(s) E11 Missing Sex Nuts and Bolts E12 Mullion E13 Other	C1 Missing Dcor Closer(s) C2 Leaking Dcor Closer(s) C3 Missing Arm(s) C4 Broken Arm(s) C5 Missing Closer(s) C6 Does NOT Close Dcor Completely C7 Missing Screw(s) C8 Missing Drop and/or Adapter Plate(s) C9 Hold-open Arm(s) C10 Missing Coordinator C11 Missing Carry Bar C12 Broken Coordinator C13 Broken Carry Bar C14 Overhead Hold-open (Surface or Concealed) C15 Other	M1 Missing Threshold/ Saddle M2 Incorrect Clearance (Top of Door to Frame) M3 Incorrect Clearance (Hinge Edge to Frame) M4 Incorrect Clearance (Lock Edge to Frame) M5 Incorrect Clearance (Door Bottom to Floor) M6 Incorrect Clearance (Between Doors) M7 Missing Astragal M8 Missing or Damaged Gasketing/Smoke Seal M9 Kick-down Door Holde M10 Door Wedge M11 Door Stop with Hold Open (Manual) M12 Protection Plate(s) too Large M13 Protection Plate(s) Missing screw(s)
DO D1 D2 D3 D4 D5	DR Missing Door(s) Missing Label Damaged Door(s) (e.g., Dented, Bent) Rust-through on Door(s) Delamination of Door Skin or Face	T6 Door Rubs Against Frame T7 Edges of Paired Doors Overlap T8 Coordinator Does NOT Function Properly T9 Other HINGES/PIVOTS	L2 Incorrect Latch Bolt Throw L3 Non-fire Rated Latch Bolt L4 Latch Bolt Binds L5 Latch Bolt Missing L6 Coose Lever(s) or Knob(s) L7 Latch Bolt Does NOT Engage Strike L8 Missing Strike Plate L9 Missing Screw(s)			M14 Signage Too Large M15 Signage, Screwed/ Nailed to Door M16 Other



L10 Missing Flush Bolt

L12 Other _

L11 Missing Flush Bolt Strike

Missing Hinge(s)

Loose Hinge(s)

D7 Broken Glass in Light(s)

D8 Light(s) is/are Too Large

D9 Loose Light Kits

D10 Missing Light Kit Screw(s) D11 Improper Field Modification (Explain Modification) D12 Incorrect Hardware

Incorrect Hinge(s)

Missing Screw(s)

Replace Hinge(s)



Items to be Verified During Fire Door Inspection







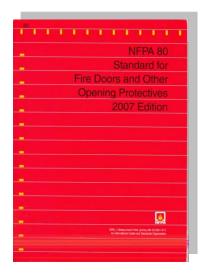


Three Main Operational Requirements

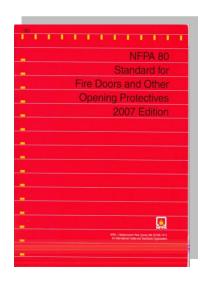
- Swinging Fire-Doors with Builders Hardware Must:
 - Swing Freely
 - Be self or automatic-closing or power-operated
 - Positively latch when in the closed position.

5.2.4.2 As a <u>minimum</u>, the following items shall be verified:

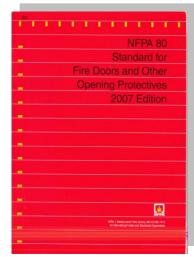
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 - (9) Auxiliary hardware items that interfere or prohibit operation are not installed.
 - (10) No field modifications to the door have been performed.
 - (11) Gasketing and edge seals are inspected.



Campus Fire Safety Right-to-Know Act

- Language included in this legislation that addresses fire doors
- Fire safety system: Any mechanism or system related to the detection of a fire, the warning resulting from a fire, or the control of a fire including:
 - Fire doors and walls that reduce the spread of a fire (required to be reported)

NFPA 80— Annual Fire Door Inspection Foundation-Published Guides



- AHJ Guide and Owner's Guide
- Reference Guide for Inspecting Swinging Fire Doors with Builders Hardware



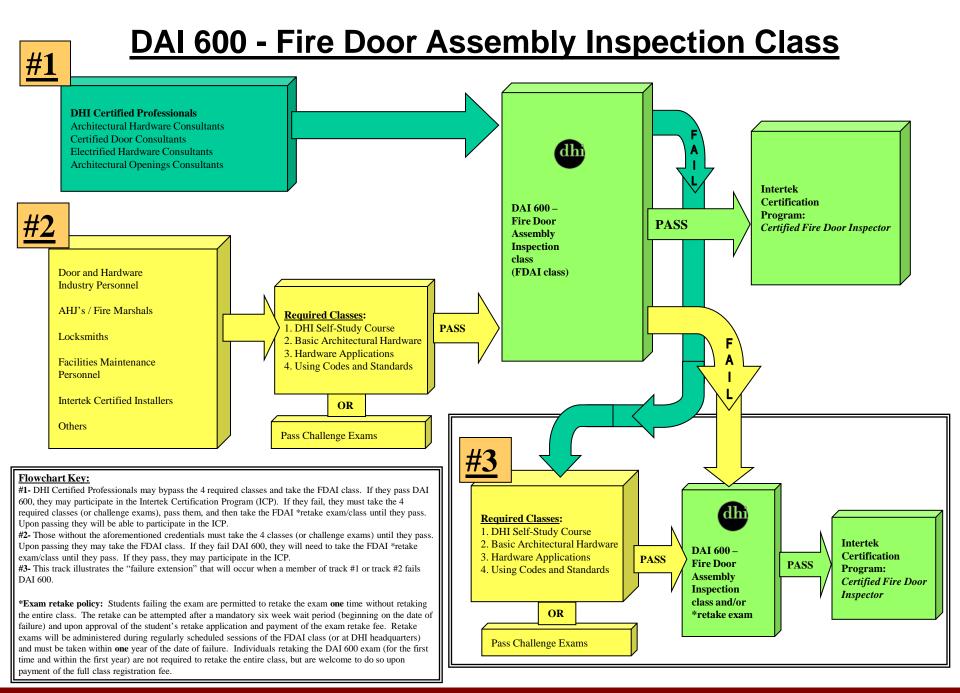
- www.doorsecuritysafety.org
 - PDF of steps for simple inspection.

Summary

- Not possible to list all of the applications of doors, frames and builders hardware products for swinging fire door assemblies.
- Covered the most commonly used products to give you, the AHJ, GUIDELINES on how to accurately evaluate the operating condition of swinging fire door assemblies.

Summary

- Many swinging fire door assemblies can be:
 - Complicated.
 - Contain sophisticated hardware products.
 - These assemblies require a high-level of expertise to coordinate their functions with their fireprotection properties.



Door Security & Safety Foundation

Summary

- New fire-rated products are:
 - Continually being developed.
 - Requiring inspectors to stay current on their knowledge and understanding of these products' applications, capabilities and limitations.

Continued Focus

- Foundation offerings in partnership with strategic partners
 - One-day classroom training session
 - Based on DAI200 Class
 - Two & four hour awareness class
 - Introductory webinars
 - Online training module
 - Correspondence with state fire marshals offices
- Promoting local champion
- Healthcare, colleges, GSA, hospitality

For More Information Contact:





Phone: (703) 222-2010; Fax: (703) 222-2410

www.doorsecuritysafety.org www.dhi.org

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